

# How to Grow Pumpkins at Home From Seed

In regions with short warm seasons, starting pumpkins indoors and transplanting them when the soil temperature reaches around 65 degrees Fahrenheit is a wise approach. Full sun exposure is crucial for their growth and productivity, requiring approximately 6-8 hours daily.

## Planting Methods

You have two primary options for planting pumpkins: mounds or rows. Opting for mounds provides the advantage of quicker soil warming compared to flat surfaces. Space mounds around 4 feet apart, placing 4 seeds on each mound. As they sprout, eliminate the weaker seedlings or transplant them, leaving 2 robust plants per mound. If transplanting, include 2 transplants per mound. For rows, maintain a 4-foot gap between them and plant seeds or transplants 2-3 feet apart within each row. When transplanting, ensure the plant's level is consistent with its growth in the pot.

## Seed Planting and Moisture Management

When planting seeds, position 4 of them about an inch deep at the four corners of the designated spot. If you're in a wet climate, inserting the seeds vertically minimizes water pooling on top and potential seed damage. Given pumpkins' affinity for moisture, consider applying mulch to retain moisture levels and suppress weed growth. This practice contributes to their overall well-being.

## Protection and Encouragement

To shield pumpkins from potential threats like rabbits, rats, and squirrels, consider covering them with a mesh until they begin trailing. This protective measure ensures that these

pests don't disrupt the young plants' growth. Additionally, providing a trellis or support system as the plants grow can help keep the pumpkins off the ground, promoting air circulation and preventing rot.