Crop Production Management | Nutrient Management

As the amount of fertility in the soil determine the quantity and quality of crops yields produced in the field, nutrient management is required.

Given the farming production types, in no cost type, the farmer does not invest any equipment for better production however other production farming types include low and high cost. The pattern used determines the harvest amounts from the field.

Fertility management

First, for nutrient management, plants get nutrients from air, water and soil and the required nutrient include macro such as NPK, Ca, Mg and sulphur and micro such as Fe, Mn, B, Zn, Cu, Mo and Cl.

Finally, nutrient management is an important aspect of crop production management.